

VisLab's latest Autonomous Driving challenges: from intercontinental to urban tests

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Outline

- Short presentation of VisLab
- VisLab's technology
 - Approach and key ideas
- Real road experiments

VisLab



VisLab



23 people as of Nov 2013

VisLab Expertise

- Perception
 - Multispectral Vision (Daylight, Near/Far IR)
 - Single or multiple vision sensors (Monocular, Stereo, Motion Stereo, Tetravision, data fusion)
- Data fusion (laser, radar, vehicle data)
- Real Time, multithreaded software environment

VisLab Peculiarities

- Long experience on the field with:
 - **Real prototypes**: cars, trucks, off-road, mining, road construction, maritime, military
 - **Different companies** and governmental institutions worldwide

VisLab's Autonomous Vehicles



1998



2007



2005



2009

...not only cars



VisLab approach and technology

VisLab concept and business model
compared to other research centers/companies

Main Challenges

- Driverless technology:
 1. Environmental sensing
 2. Intelligent decision
 3. Vehicle actuation

- Product
 - Cost, Integration, Robustness, Redundancy, Security,...

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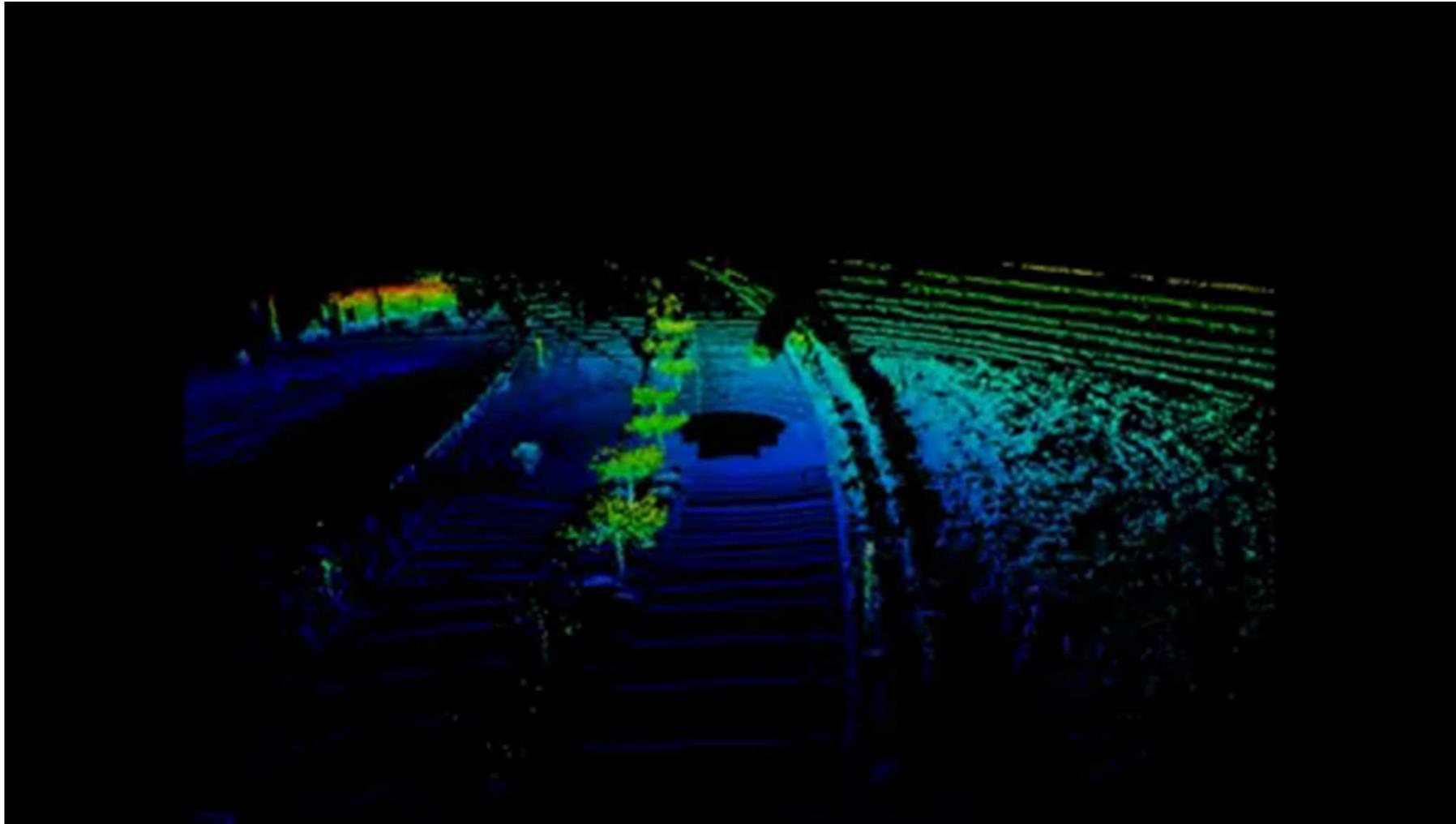
Two solutions



Sensing: VisLab's approach

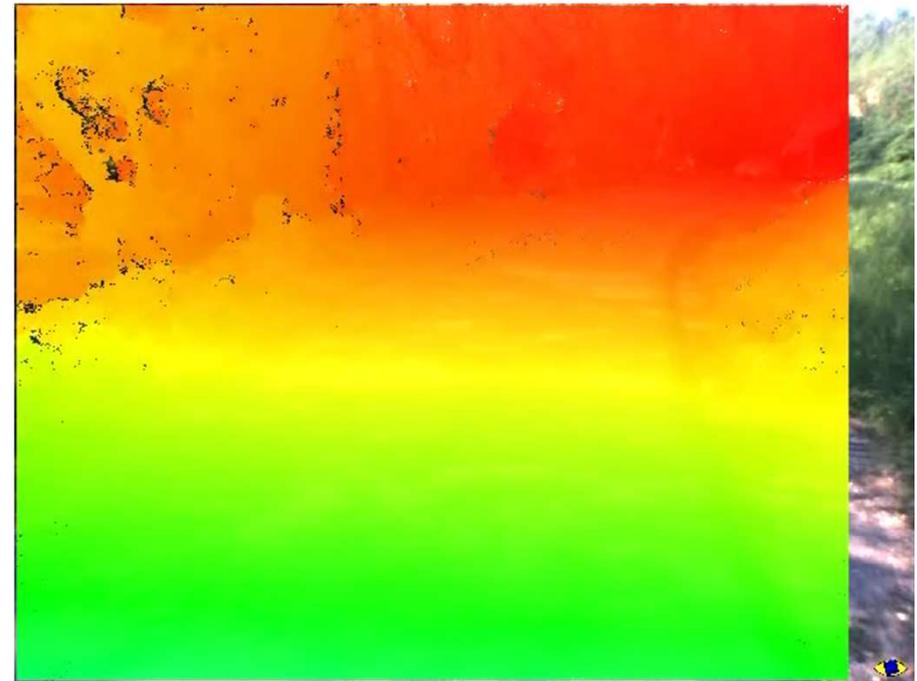
- VisLab's approach is based on:
 - low-cost and
 - highly integrated sensors

LIDAR-based sensing



Vision-based sensing

- Stereo vision
 - with a *'smart'* algorithm



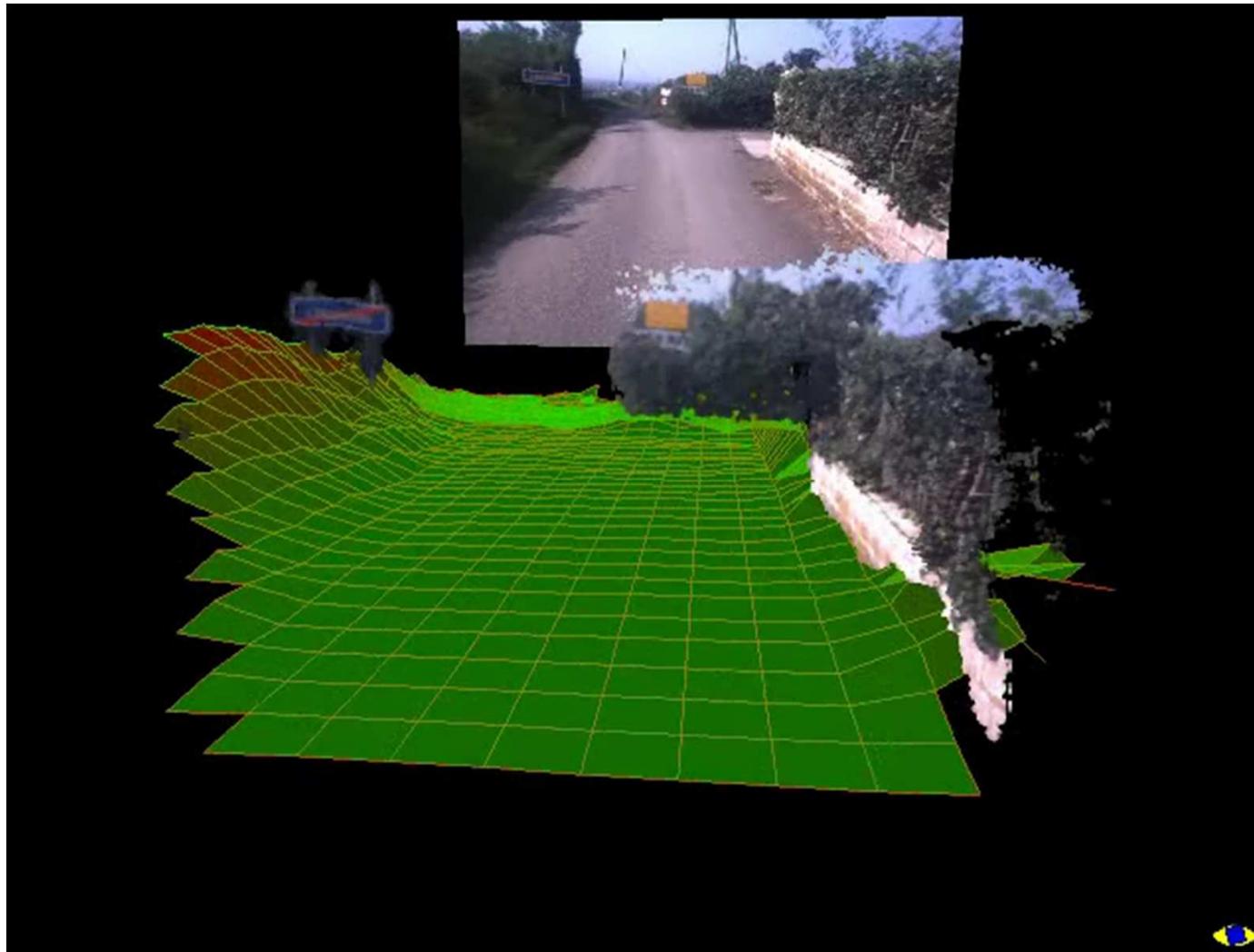




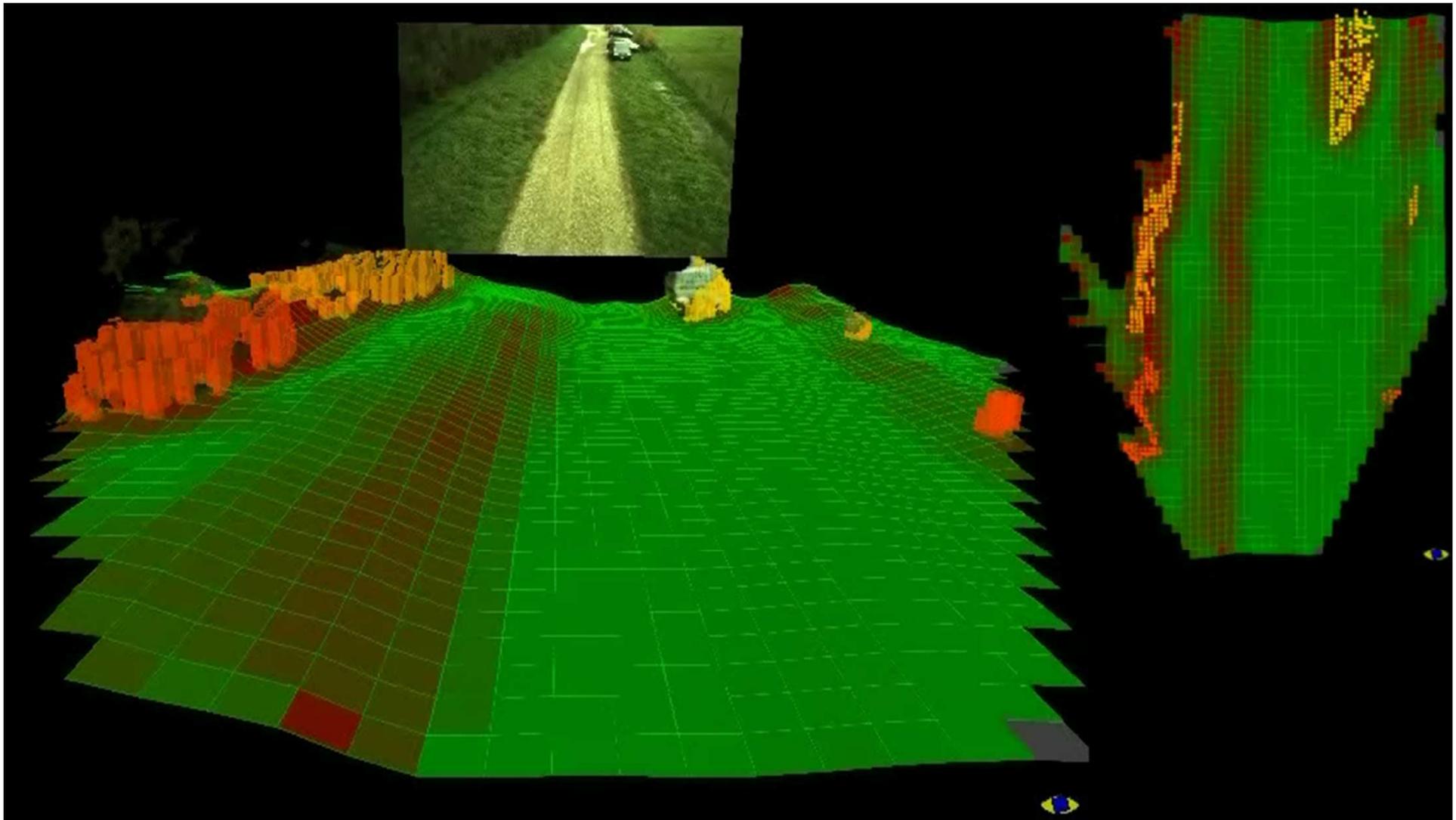
3D vision

- Performance example:
 - 640x480 pxl @12.5Hz -> 3.800.000 pixels/s
 - Stereo processing (with 90% density) delivers ~3.500.000 distance estimations per second

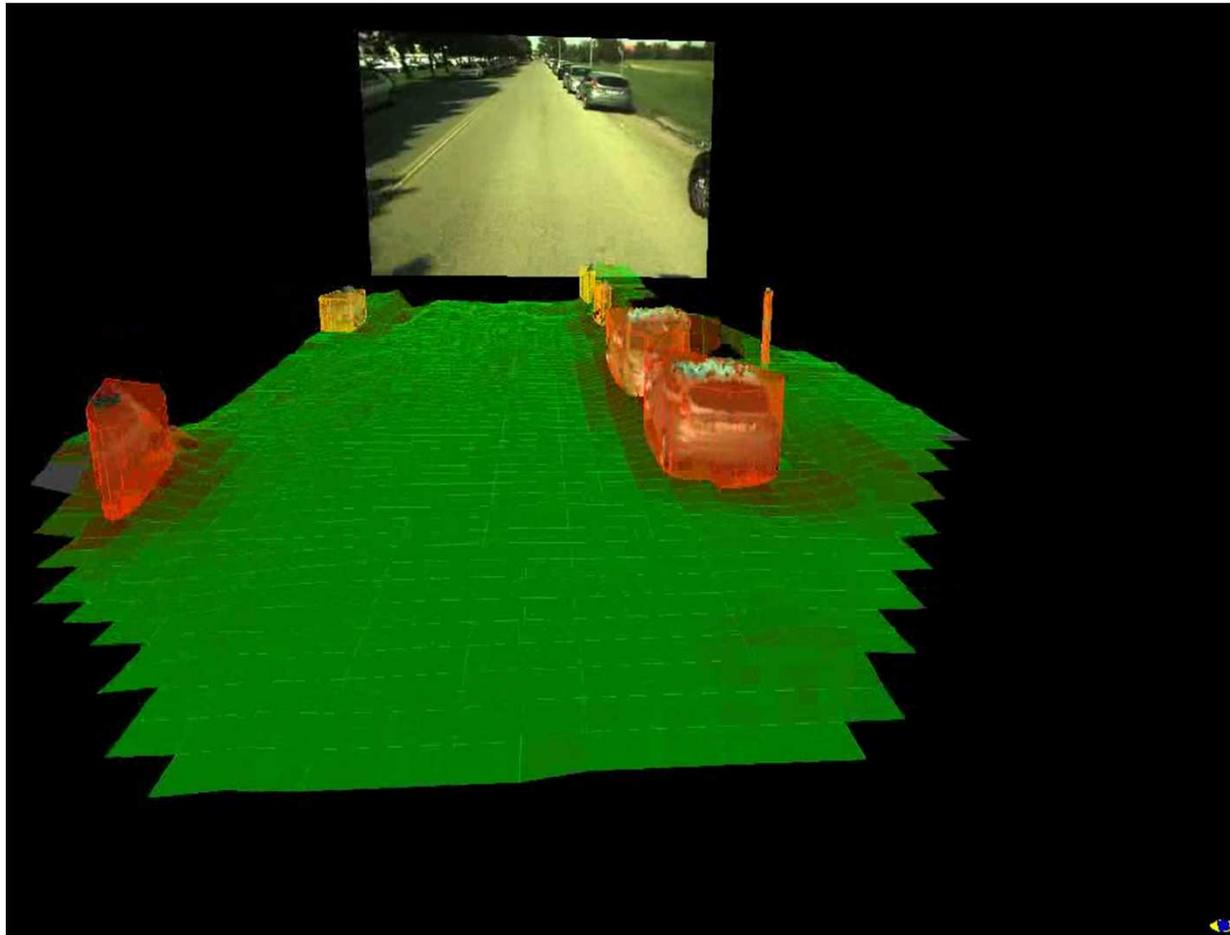
Terrain Mapping



Obstacles & Free Space



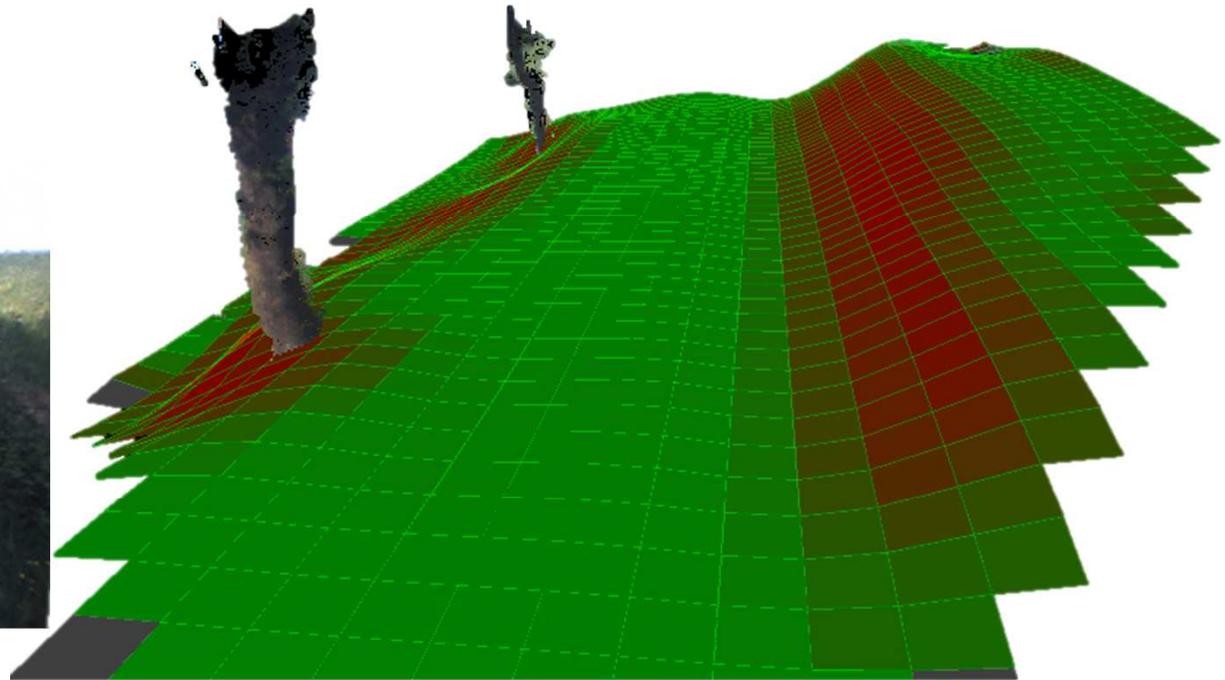
3D World Perception



Online calibration



VisLab stereovision technology



Current VisLab technology



Preview of VisLab research

- FPGA-based 3D processing
 - ✓ 25fps @ 640x480 pxl ($\sim 6\text{M}$ 3D point/s)
 - 15, 20, 40cm baseline
 - Ethernet/CAN output



Road experiments



Testing with BRAiVE



- Perception to be further tested...



Test Expedition



European Research Council



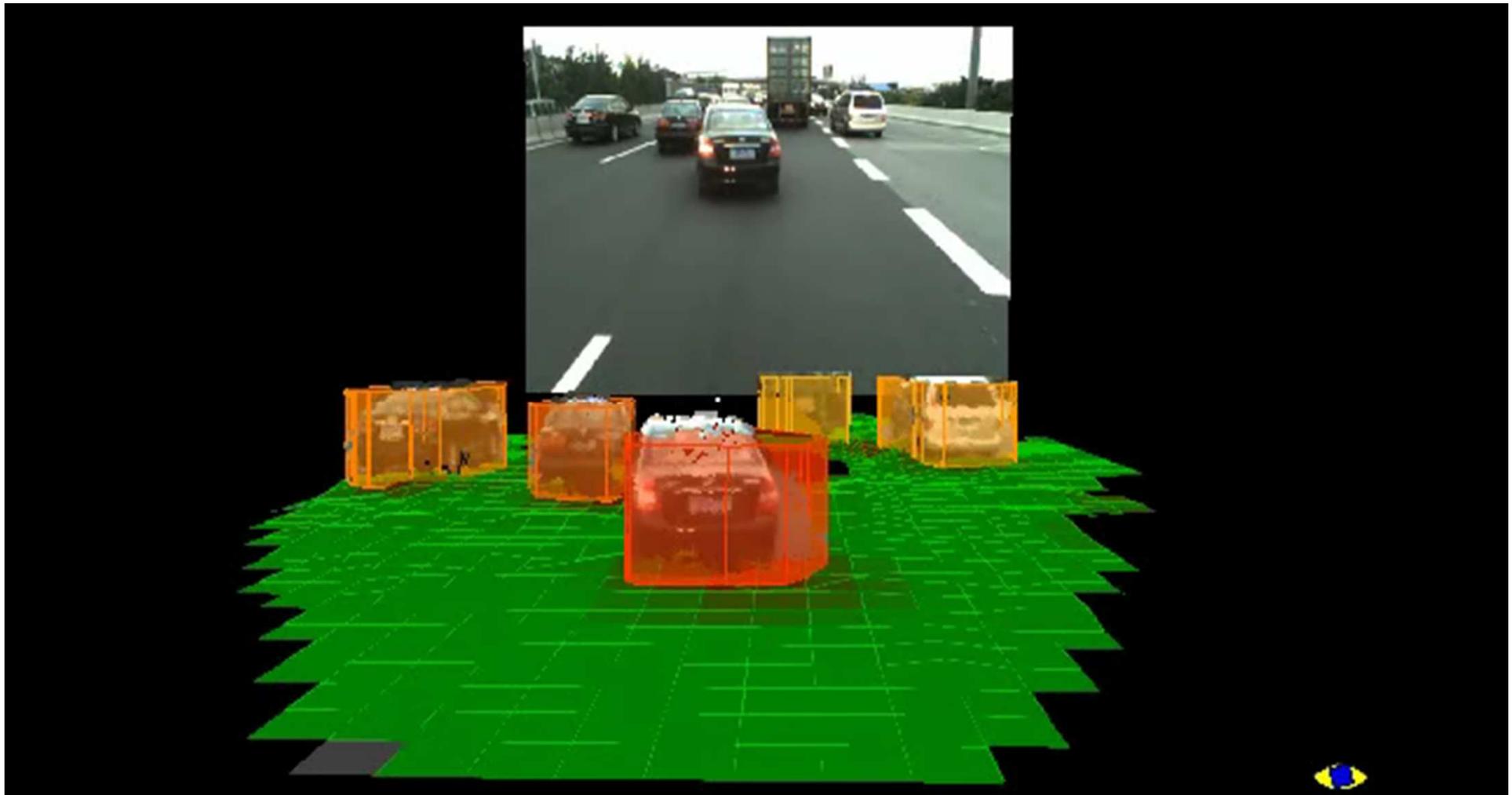
The Expedition



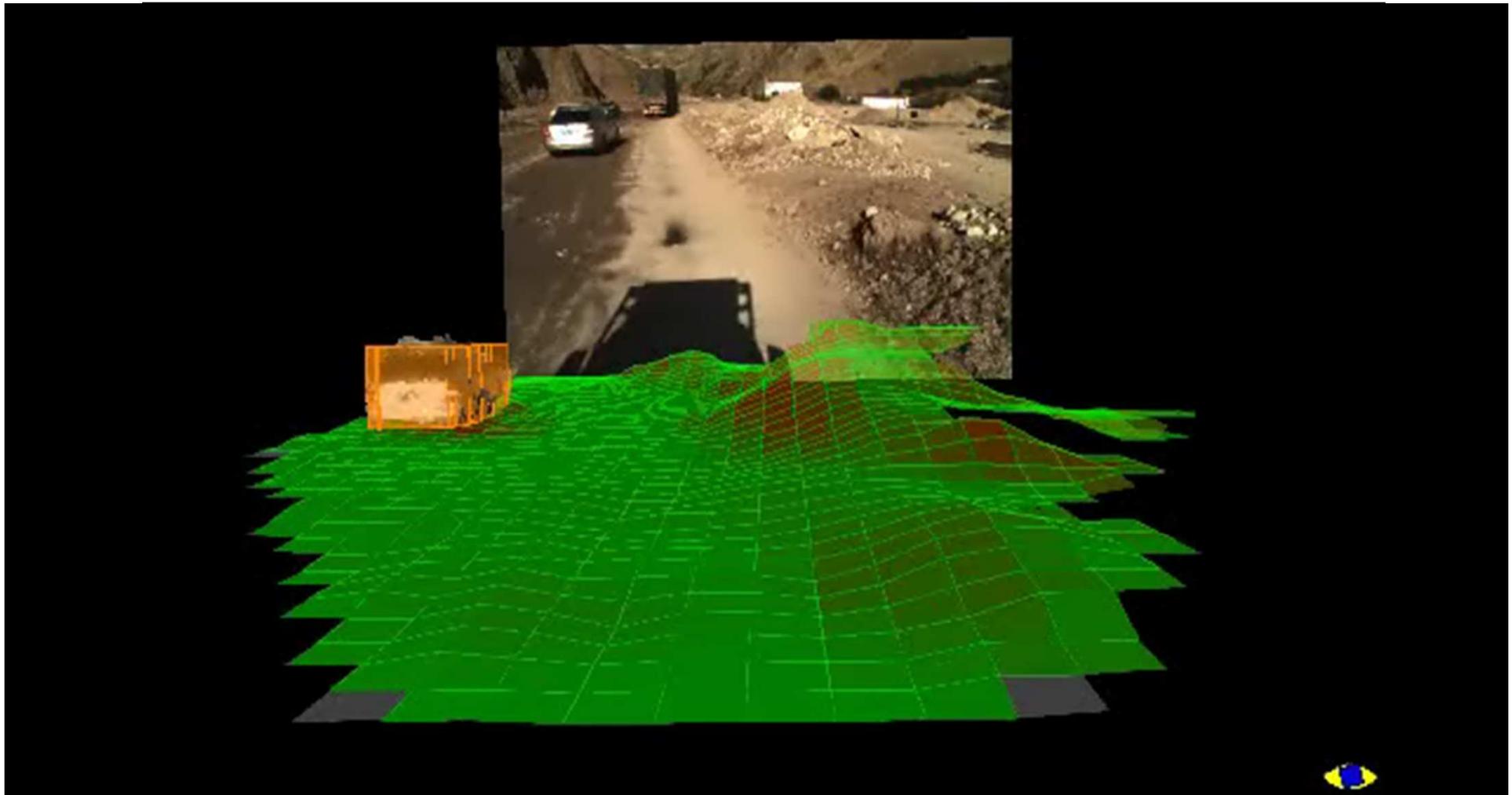


**13.000 km,
three months,
no driver**

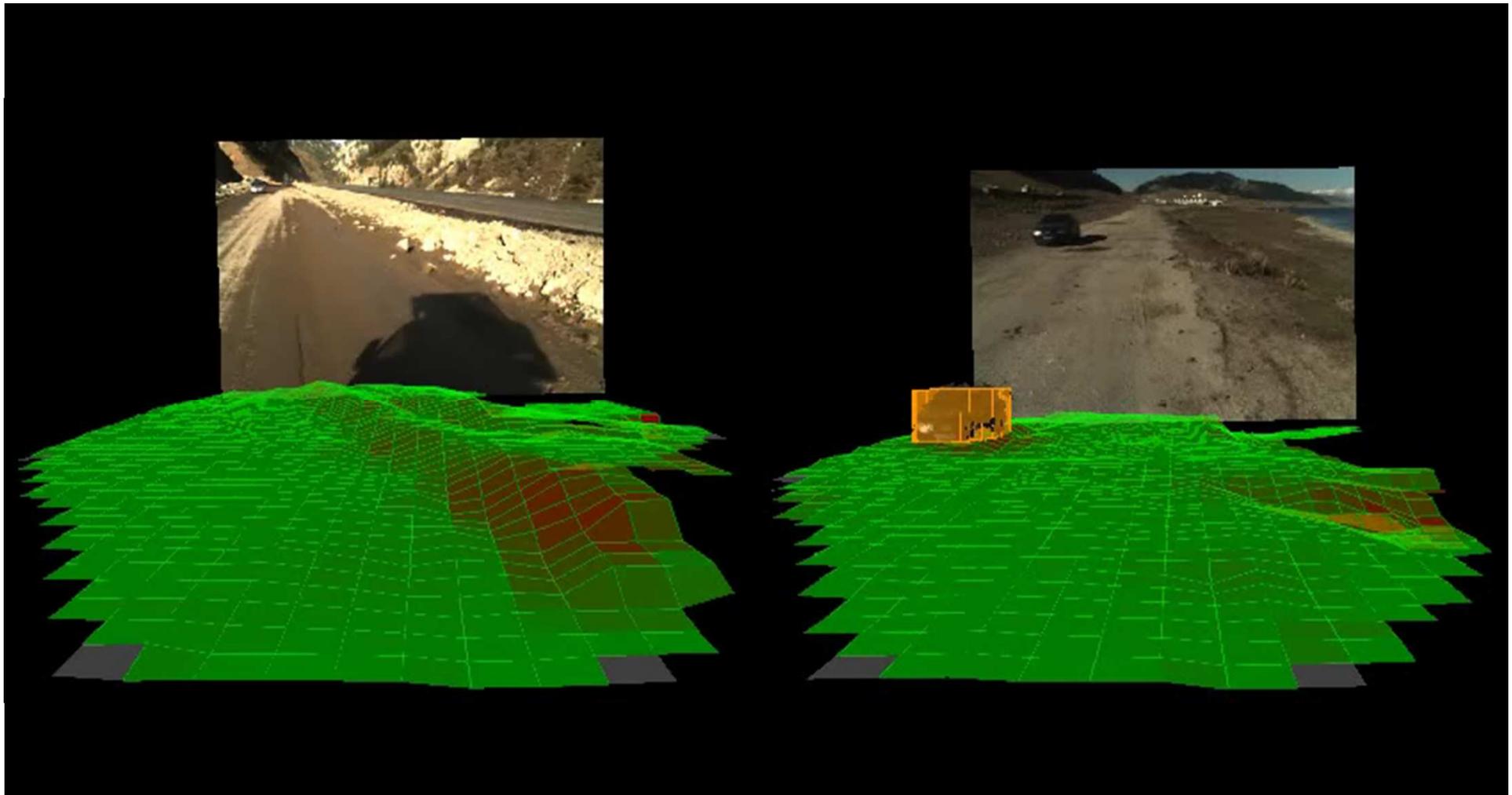
Examples: traffic



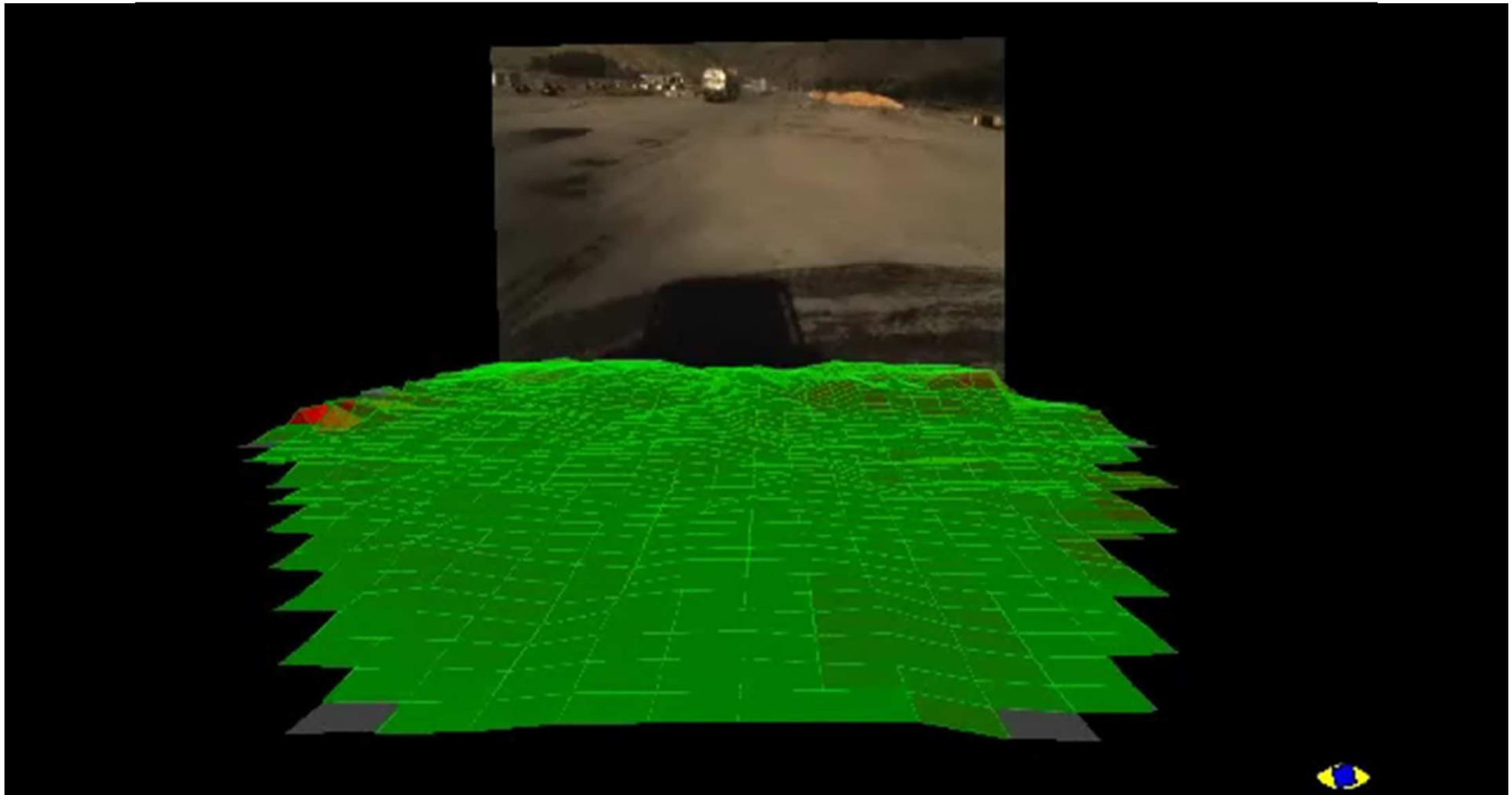
Examples: terrain mapping



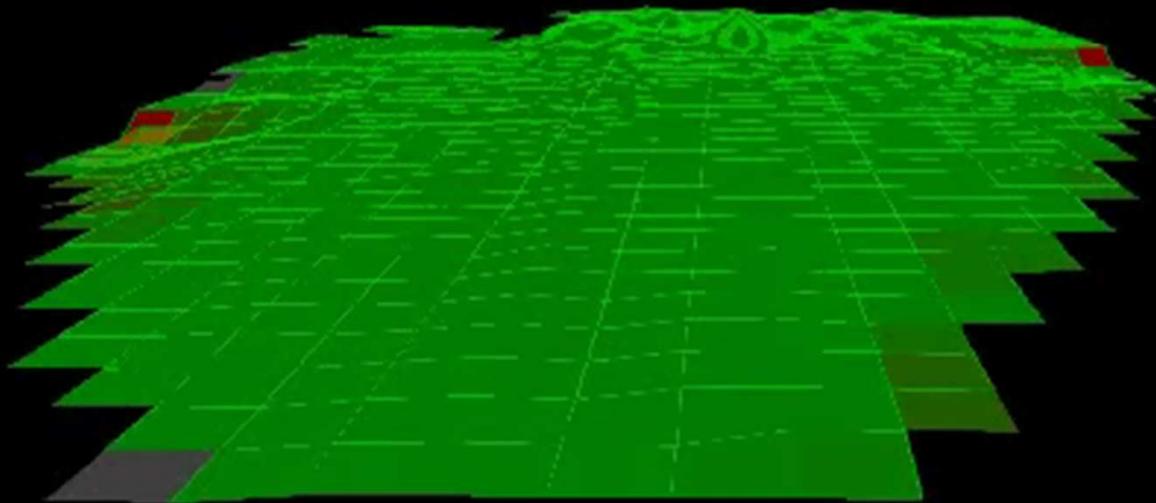
Examples: terrain mapping



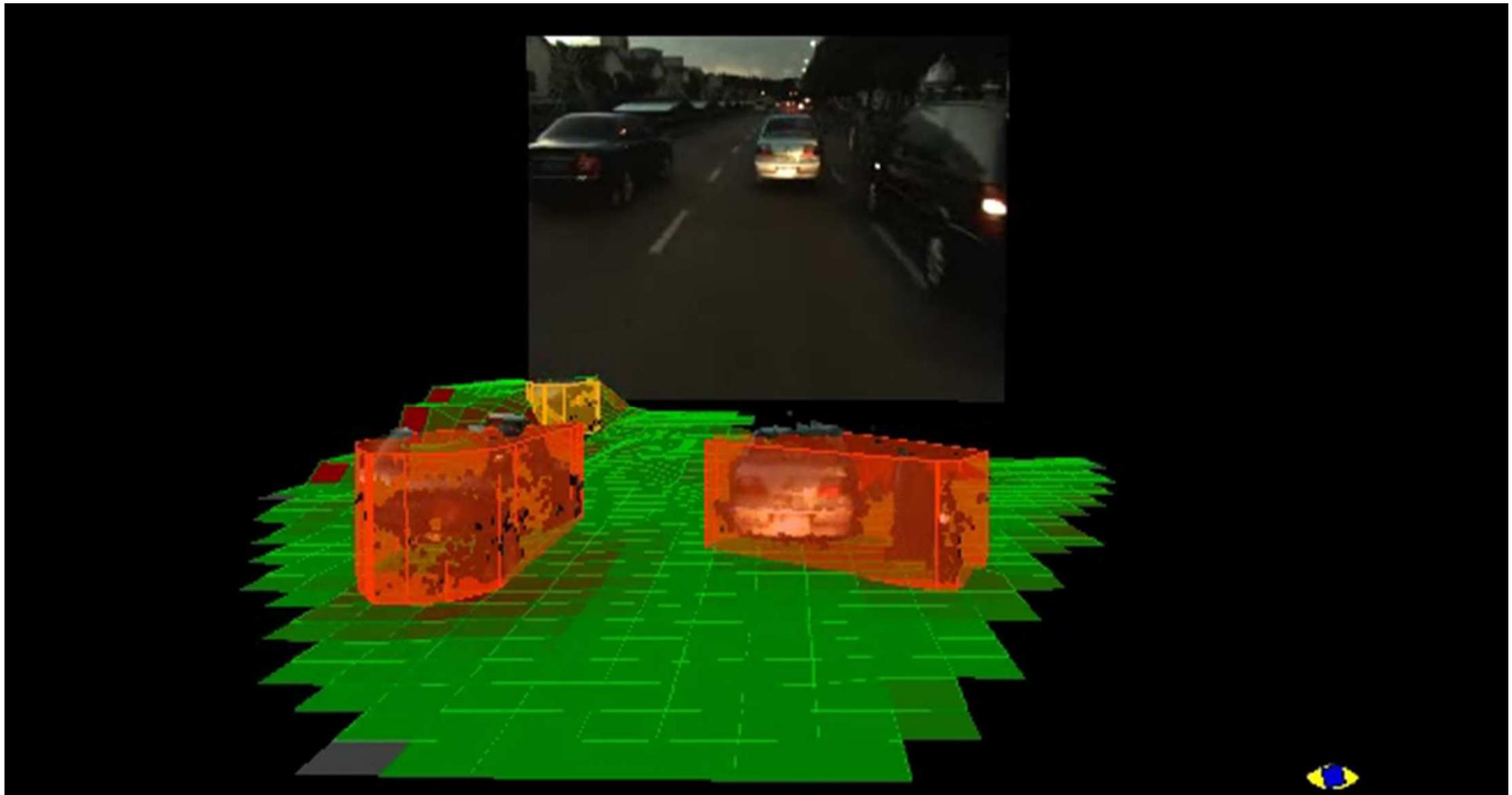
Examples: dust/smoke



Examples: rain



Examples: traffic in the dark



PROUD Car Test 2013

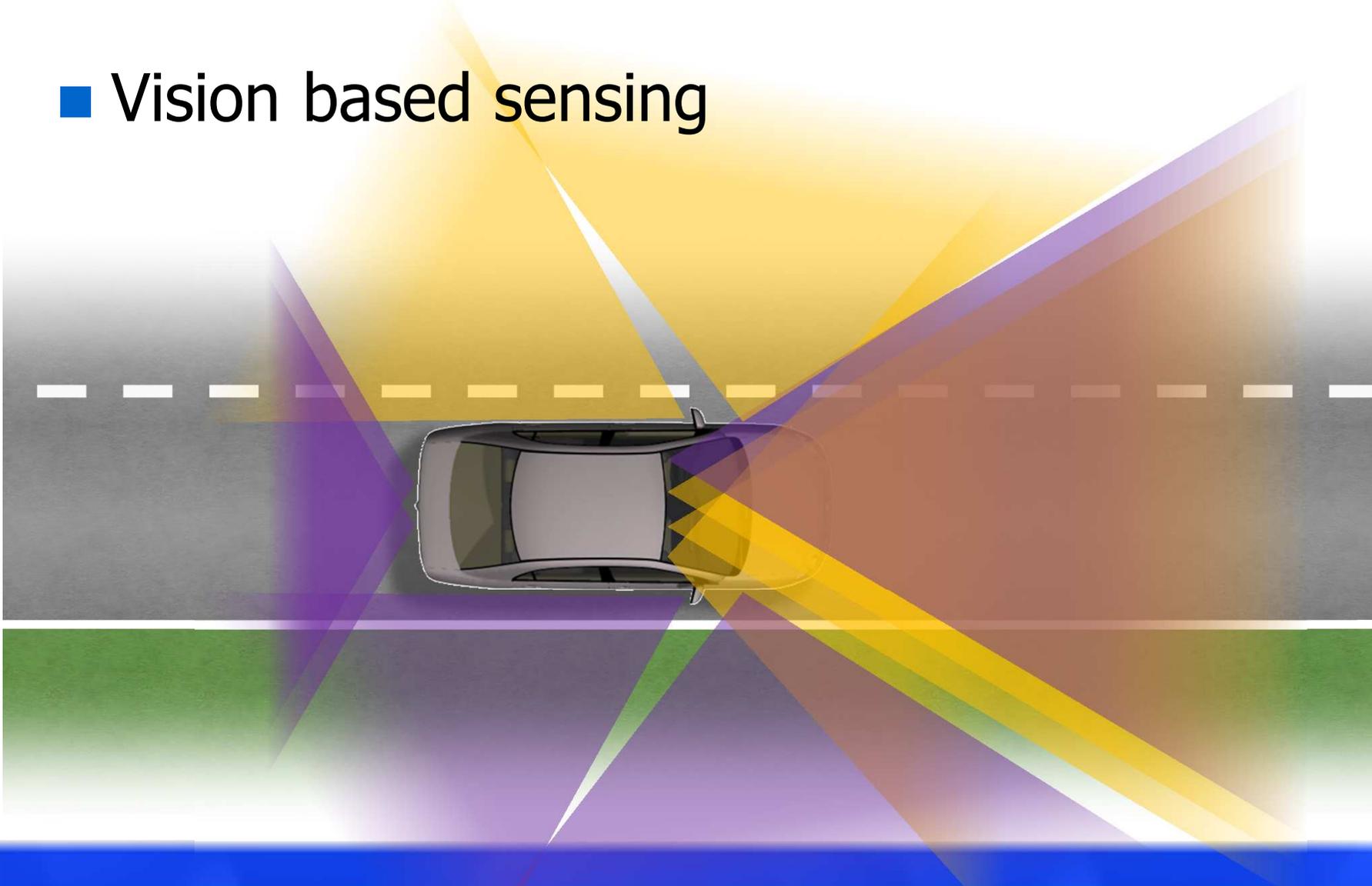
Public Road Urban Driverless-Car Test 2013

July 12, 2013, downtown Parma, Italy

The Vehicle, the Test, the Approach

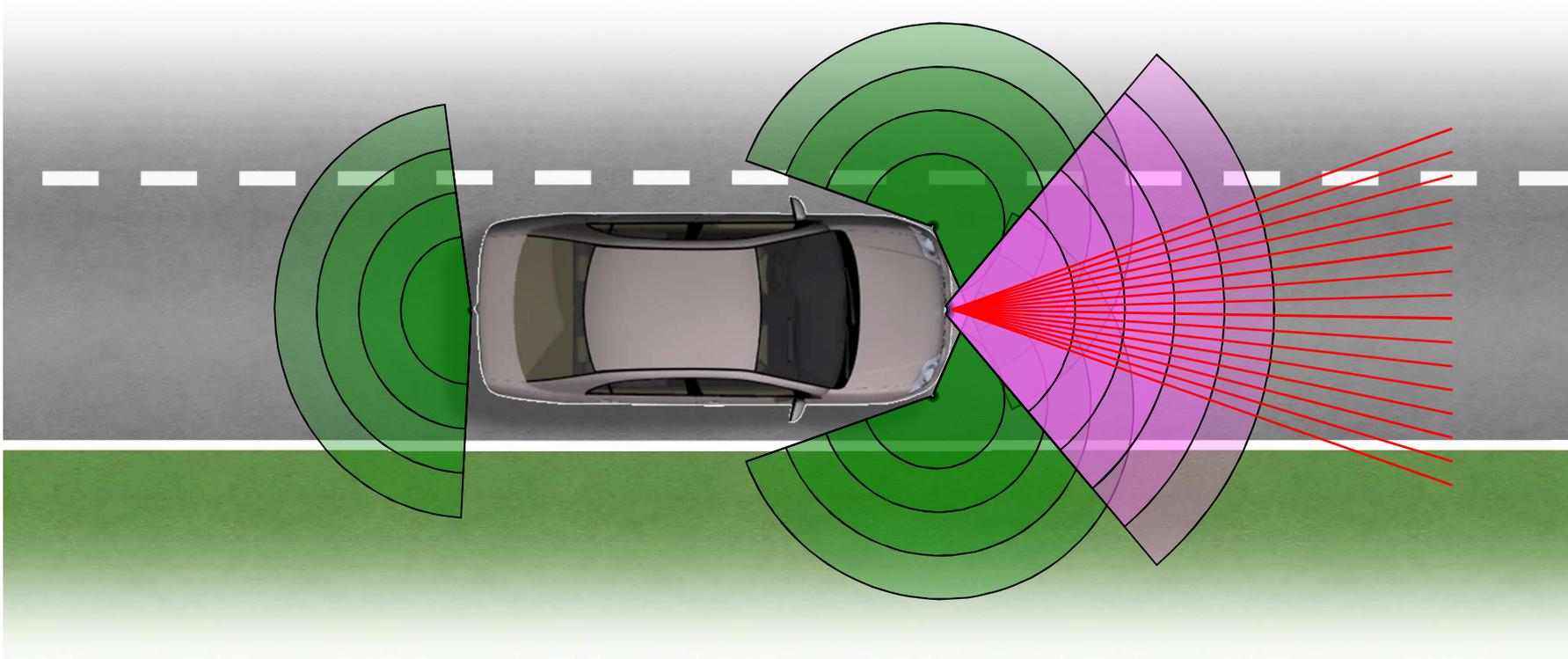
The BRAiVE Vehicle

- Vision based sensing



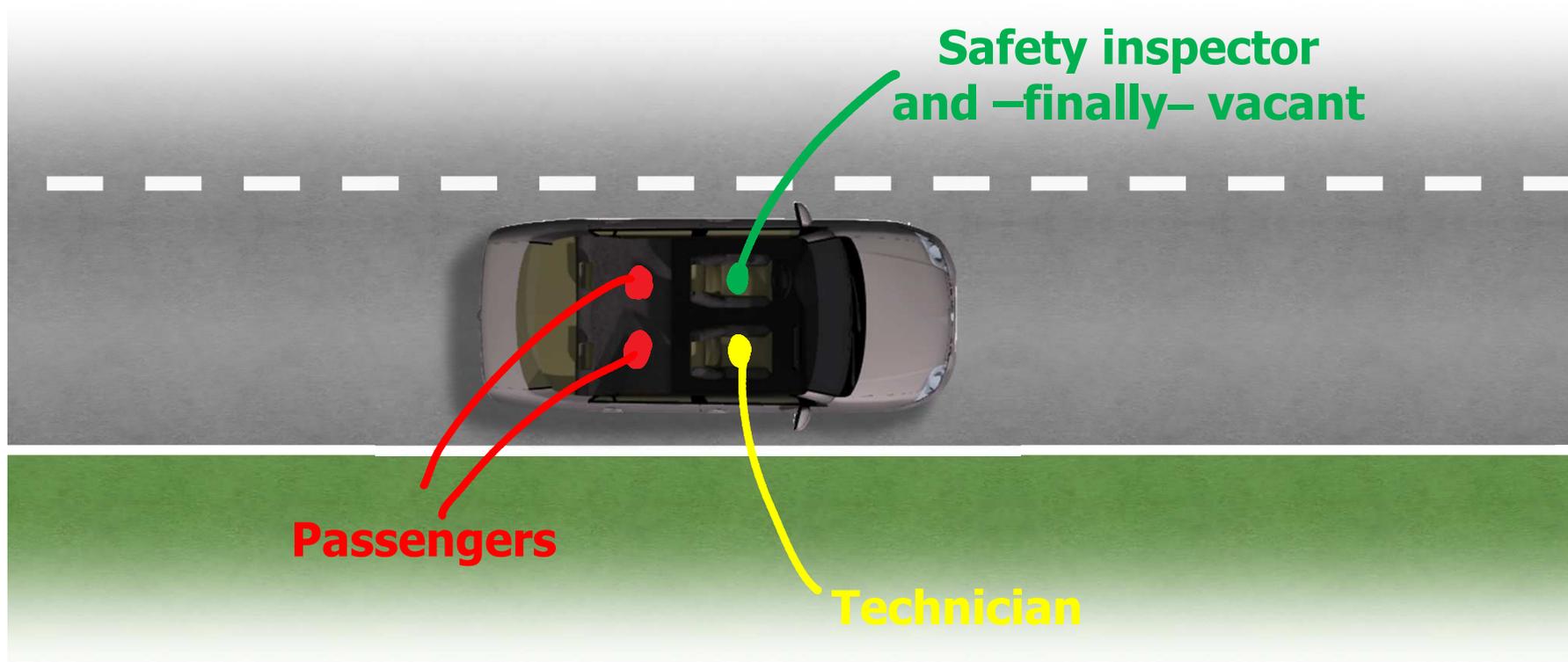
The BRAiVE Vehicle

- Laser based sensing

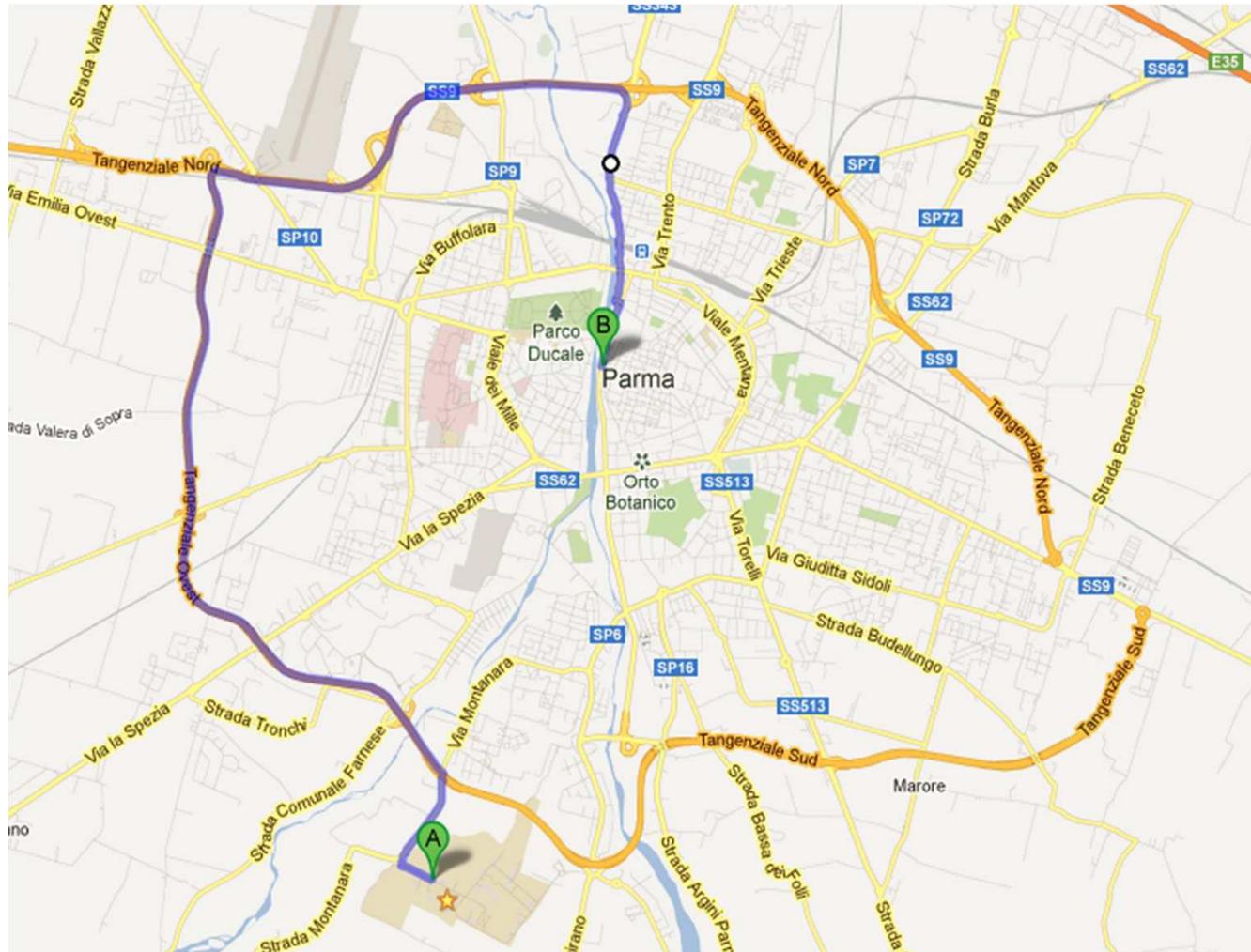


The BRAiVE Vehicle

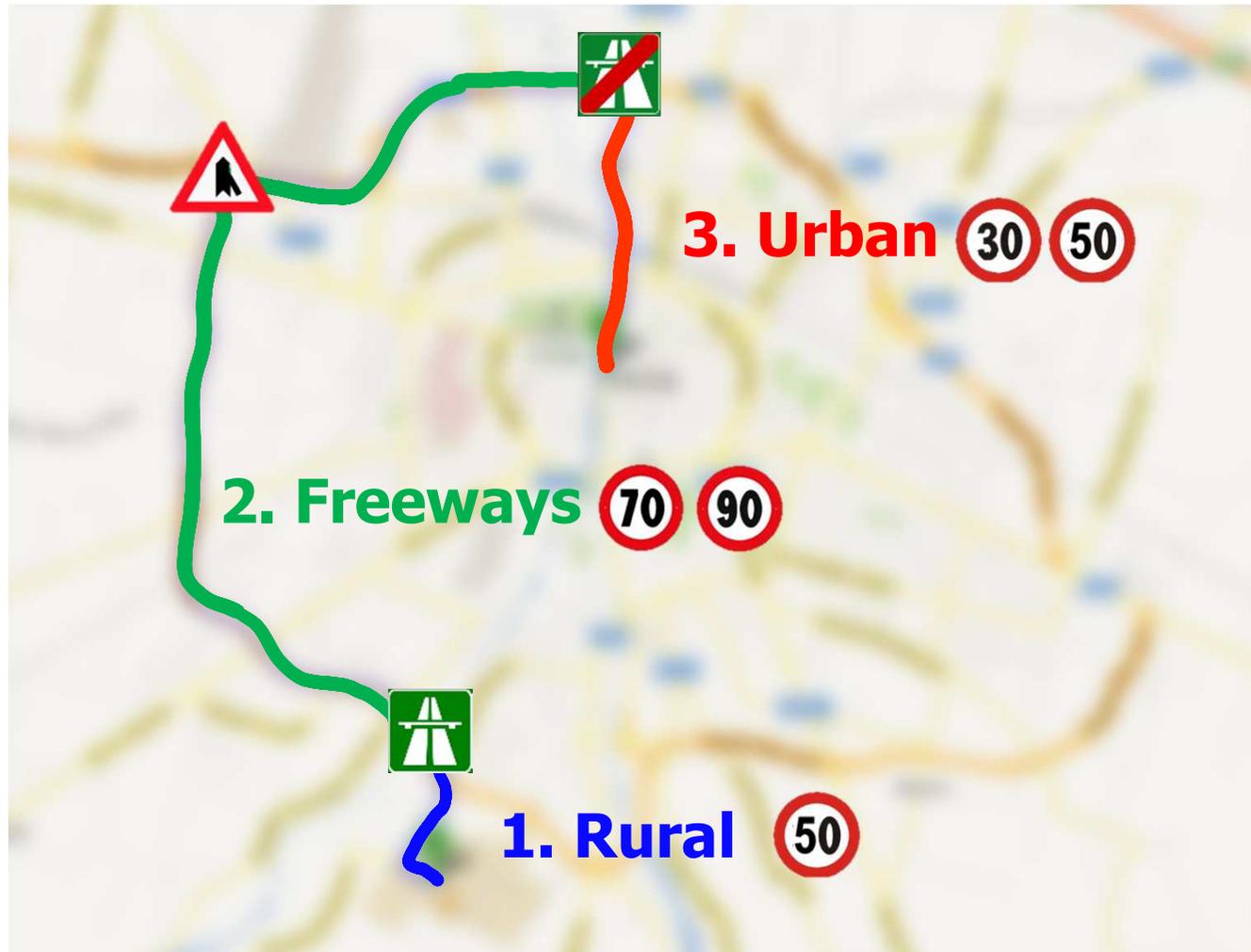
- Internal configuration



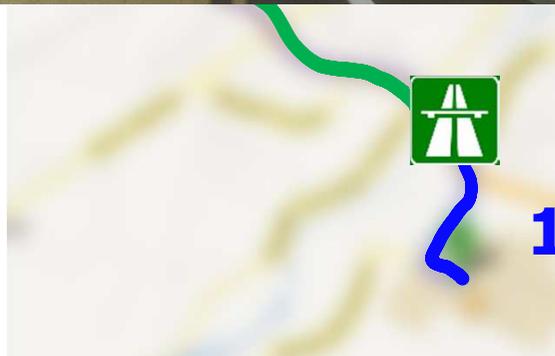
The Test Scenario



The Test Scenario



The Test Scenario



Examples

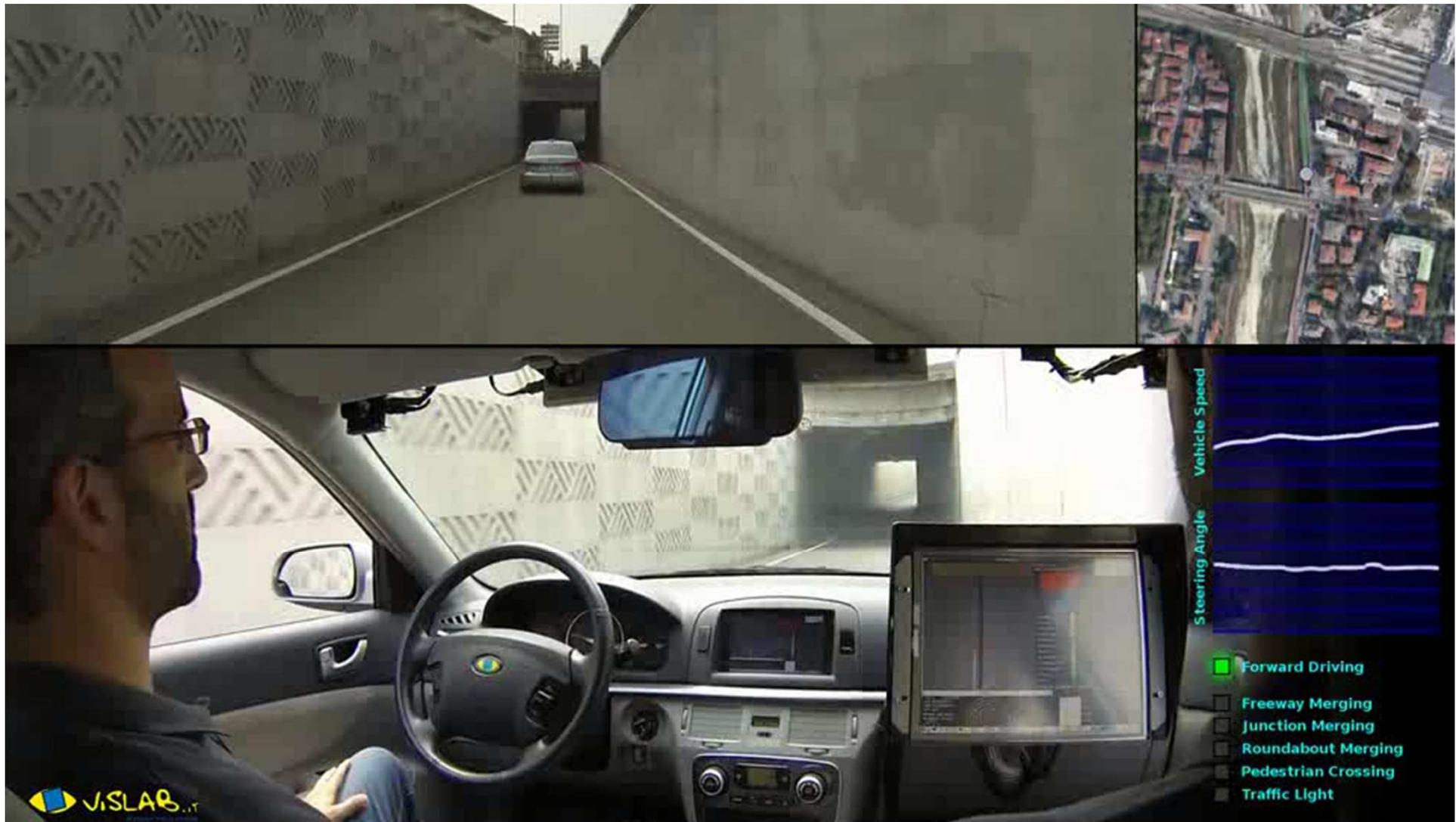
Imagery from following vehicle



Examples

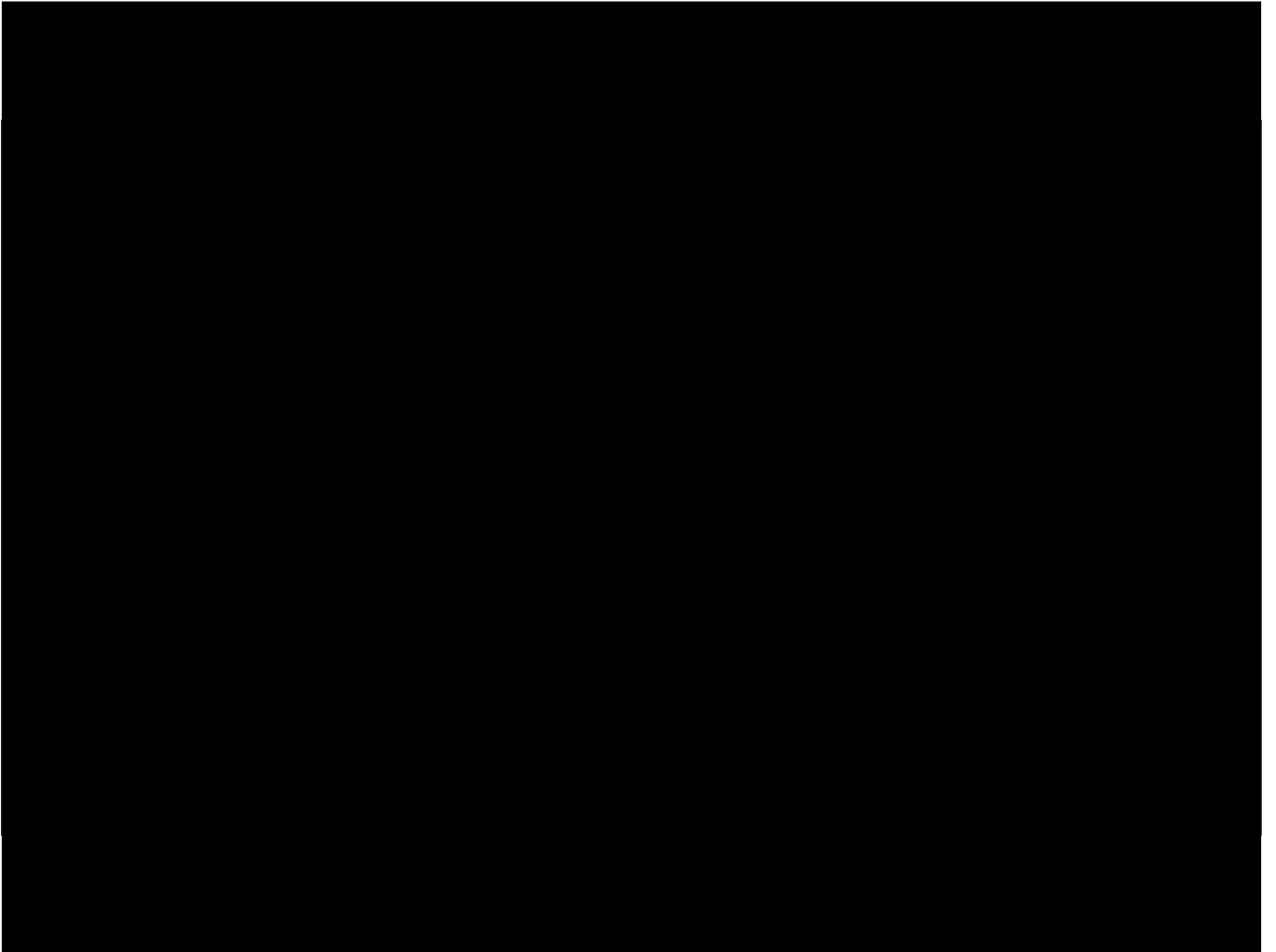


Examples



Examples





Results

- About 13 km (3km in urban area)
 - Driven in about 18 minutes (at 11am on a working day)
 - No human interventions
-
- Is autonomous driving solved?

New Test Vehicle

- Vision to replace 3D laserscanner for low-cost, 360 all-round perception
- Vision to replace precise GPS



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